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9	TRENT ALLEN, et al.			
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11	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT			
12	FOR THE NOTHERN DIST	PDICT OF CALIFORNIA		
	FOR THE NOTHERN DIS	IRICI OF CALIFORNIA		
13	TRENT ALLEN, individually;	CASE NO.: 3:23-cv-01895-TSH		
14	SHAGOOFA KHAN, individually; ADAM			
1.5	CARPENTER, individually; JOSHUA	FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT FOR		
15	BUTLER, individually; DEJON	<u>DAMAGES</u>		
16	RICHARDS, individually; DRESHAWN	DEMAND EOD HIDV TRIAL		
17	JACKSON, individually; and KARDELL	DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL		
1 /	SMITH, individually,			
18	Plaintiffs,			
19	,			
	v.			
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21	CITY OF ANTIOCH, a municipal			
22	corporation; TAMMANY BROOKS, individually and in his official capacity as			
22	police chief for the CITY OF ANTIOCH;			
23	TONY MOREFIELD, individually and in			
24	his official capacity as interim police			
24	chief for the CITY OF ANITOCH;			
25	STEVEN FORD, individually and in his			
26	official capacity as police chief for the			
	CITY OF ANTIOCH; JOSH EVANS, individually and in his official capacity as			
27	a police sergeant for the CITY OF			
28	ANTIOCH; ERIC ROMBOUGH,			

individually and in his official capacity as 1 a police officer for the CITY OF ANTIOCH; MORTEZA AMIRI, 2 individually and in his official capacity as 3 a police officer for the CITY OF ANTIOCH; SCOTT DUGGAR, 4 individually and in his official capacity as a police officer for the CITY OF 5 ANTIOCH; JOHN RAMIREZ, 6 individually and in his official capacity as a police officer for the CITY OF 7 ANTIOCH; TIMOTHY MANLY WILLIAMS, individually and in his 8 official capacity as a police officer for the 9 CITY OF ANTIOCH; TOM LENDERMAN, individually and in his 10 official capacity as a police officer for the CITY OF ANTIOCH; LOREN 11 BLEDSOE, individually and in his 12 official capacity as a police sergeant for the CITY OF ANTIOCH; THOMAS 13 SMITH, individually and in his official 14 capacity as a police officer for the CITY OF ANTIOCH; and DOES 1-100, 15 inclusive, 16

Defendants.

INTRODUCTION

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1. In the early 2000s, Black and brown people migrated away from east and west Oakland's urban sprawl, blight, and oppressive policing. They relocated east to cities such as Tracy, Pittsburgh, and Antioch. They sought the imprimatur of authentic citizenship intrinsic in the greenery and rolling hills of those East Bay communities. Instead, these people were subjected to a systematic and intentional effort to repress their existence through discriminatory and violent policing. The victims complained about the conspiracy, spoken or unspoken, of abuse over the years. Their calls for justice and reform went unheard for years

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and years. On April 11, 2023, local media published certified proof of the depth of many Antioch Police Department Officers' bigotry, racism, willingness to falsify evidence, and their celebration of their own uses of unconstitutional and unreasonable force.

- 2. On March 28, 2023, the Office of the District Attorney of Contra Costa County published an investigative report detailing crimes of moral turpitude and criminal offenses committed by sworn law enforcement officers within the City of Antioch Police Department. From 2019-2022, Antioch police officers and sergeants exchanged hundreds of salacious text messages riddled with vile and offensive language about community members. In those text threads, officers bragged about using excessive force and beating arrest subjects so severely that the officers themselves hurt their hands and feet. The District Attorney's report detailed "derogatory, homophobic, and sexually explicit language and photographs shared by members of the Antioch Police Department that demonstrates their racial bias and animus towards African Americans and other people of color in the community." Over a period of at least four years, the City of Antioch Police Department regularly referred to its citizens as "niggers," "niggas," "monkeys," "gorillas," "faggots," "water buffalos," "cunts," "pussies," "fat bitches," and more. Officers celebrated the violent targeting of Black community members ("we just ran down a monkey;" "I'm only stopping them cuz they black [sic]"; "I'll bury that nigger in my fields"; "I can't wait to forty all of them"). Furthermore, officers admitted to serious acts of lying and falsification ("we'll just say he refused to comply;" "I sometimes just say people gave me a full confession when they didn't. gets filed easier [sic]"). Appallingly, at least 45 officers participated in or were aware of this misconduct and did nothing.
- 3. The widespread abuse by large numbers of the Antioch Police Department population, detailed in the investigative report, highlights a pattern and practice of

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discriminatory law enforcement based on race and gender. Officers engaged in vile derogatory speech, physical mistreatment of community members, and violations of individual civil rights. These abuses in question were the product of a culture of intolerance within the City of Antioch Police Department. This culture is rooted in the deliberate indifference of highranking City officials, who have routinely acquiesced in the misconduct and otherwise failed to take necessary measures to curtail and prevent it. Despite the repeated and frequent nature of the misconduct and civil rights violations committed by its officers, high ranking City of Antioch officials failed to take any or appropriate remedial action. As a result, officers engaged in repeated and serious acts of misconduct and civil rights violations against citizens living, visiting, and/or traveling in Antioch.

- 4. Plaintiffs, all of whom experienced malicious treatment by Antioch Police Department officers during the time frame in which officers exchanged these text messages, recently discovered that the method with which officers interacted with them was based in racial animus, misogyny, homophobia, and other offensive conduct. Plaintiffs have reason to believe that each of their interactions with Antioch Police Department officers constituted numerous civil rights violations. Plaintiffs are informed and believe and thereon allege that said civil rights violations and/or misconduct included, but was not limited to, assaults, beatings, false arrests, unreasonable searches and seizures, intimidation, kidnapping, falsifying reports, denial of equal protection, racial discrimination, conspiracy to violate civil rights and/or other misconduct.
- 5. This is an action for damages brought pursuant to Title 42 U.S.C. §§ 1983 and 1988, and the Fourth Amendment to the United States Constitution, under California Civil Code Section § 52.1, and under the common law of California. It is alleged that these

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violations and torts were committed during the course and scope of the above-mentioned law enforcement officers' employment with the aforementioned government agencies and DOES 1-100.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

6. This action arises under Title 42 of the United States Code, § 1983. Title 28 of the United States Code, §§ 1331 and 1343 confers jurisdiction upon this Court. The unlawful acts and practices alleged herein occurred in California, which is within the judicial district of this Court. This Court also has supplemental jurisdiction over Plaintiff's state law causes of action under 28 U.S.C. § 1367. Supplemental Jurisdiction of this court is invoked pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367 over the State law claims which are so related to federal claims in the action that they form part of the same case or controversy under Article III of the Constitution of the United States of America. Venue is proper in this Court under 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b) because Defendants are believed to reside in this district and all incidents, events, and occurrences giving rise to this action occurred in this district.

PARTIES

7. Plaintiff TRENT ALLEN ("ALLEN") has been and is a resident of California and a United States Citizen. He brings this action on his own behalf. ALLEN was brutally beaten by Defendant Officer ERIC ROMBOUGH on March 30, 2021. ROMBOUGH bragged about his conduct, stating in text messages that he gave ALLEN "6 muzzle thumps" and that he tried to "kick [ALLEN'S] head over the fence." ROMBOUGH also stated "I tried to knock him unconscious" and referred to ALLEN as "faggot" and "nigger" multiple times. Furthermore, Defendant Officer MANLY WILLIAMS sent text messages in which he joked

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about TRENT ALLEN being beaten by ROMBOUGH and asked, "is he dead?" Mr. ALLEN remains in-custody, having been incarcerated since his arrest on March 30, 2021.

- 8. Plaintiff SHAGOOFA KHAN ("KHAN") has been and is a resident of California and a United States Citizen. She brings this action on her own behalf. KHAN was arrested and prosecuted maliciously and without provocation or cause by CITY OF ANTIOCH police officers in January 2021. KHAN was charged with felony arson and battery on an officer. KHAN completed diversion, however she never entered a plea agreement. The charges were eventually dismissed. The arresting Defendant Officers EVANS, MANLY WILLIAMS, LENDERMAN, BLEDSOE, and THOMAS SMITH are key participants in the District Attorney's investigation into the discriminatory text messages sent among Antioch Police Department officers and sergeants. Concurrent with KHAN's arrest, Defendant Officer JOSH EVANS sent racist and misogynistic text messages about her to multiple CITY OF ANTIOCH officers, in which he described her as an "Arabian Knight's [sic] 'cum dump." Defendant Officer THOMAS SMITH sent text messages to other Antioch officers in which he referred to women as "bitches." Defendant Officer MANLY WILLIAMS sent text messages in which he joked about the brutalization of an arrestee and asked, "is he dead?" LENDERMAN and BLEDSOE were members of these group text chats and received all of the salacious text messages uncovered in this scandal.
- 9. Plaintiff ADAM CARPENTER ("CARPENTER") has been and is a resident of California and a United States Citizen. He brings this action on his own behalf. CARPENTER was arrested maliciously and without provocation or cause on November 3, 2020, by multiple CITY OF ANTIOCH police officers, including ERIC ROMBOUGH, SCOTT DUGGAR, MORTEZA AMIRI, and TIMOTHY MANLY WILLIAMS. From January 2020 up until the

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date of his arrest, these officers conducted nearly ten traffic stops on Mr. CARPENTER. Concurrent with CARPENTER's arrest, Defendant officers sent numerous text messages about Black people, calling them "gorillas," "niggers," "monkeys," and using other targeted slurs to refer to subjects (i.e.: "faggot," "pussies," "cunt," "fat bitch"). DUGGAR sent text messages to other Antioch officers in which he referred to Black people as "niggas." ROMBOUGH proudly admitted to brutalizing arrestees on multiple occasions. ROMBOUGH boasted about "violating civil rights" and "only stopping [people] cuz they black [sic]." AMIRI admitted to serious offenses of falsification, claiming: "I sometimes just say people gave me a full confession when they didn't. gets filed easier [sic]." MANLY WILLIAMS sent text messages in which he joked about the brutalization of an arrestee and asked, "is he dead?"

10. Plaintiff JOSHUA BUTLER ("BUTLER") has been and is a resident of California and a United States Citizen. He brings this action on his own behalf. BUTLER was arrested in maliciously and without provocation or cause in February 2022. Multiple Antioch Police Department officers, including JOSH EVANS, arrested BUTLER in Antioch, CA for allegedly discharging a firearm, despite never finding a weapon. Since the date of the arrest, officers have conducted nearly ten traffic stops on Mr. BUTLER, each time verbally accosting him with racist obscenities. None of these traffic stops have resulted in additional arrests. Concurrent with BUTLER's arrest, officers, including JOSH EVANS, sent numerous text messages about Black people, calling them "gorillas," "niggers," "monkeys," and using other targeted slurs to refer to subjects (i.e.: "faggot," "pussies," "cunt," "fat bitch"). On another occasion, EVANS sent text messages about an unknown subject, detailing plans to "smash in and bite him, 40mm him, and call him a cunt." EVANS regularly referred to Black people as

"niggers," and in discussing an unknown subject, he once stated: "I'm going to bury that nigger in my fields." On May 26, 2023, BUTLER's case was dismissed.

- 11. Plaintiff DEJON RICHARDS ("RICHARDS") has been and is a resident of California and a United States Citizen. He brings this action on his own behalf. RICHARDS was arrested and brutalized in 2020 by CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department Officers, including Defendant Officer DUGGAR. During the arrest, DUGGAR repeatedly called RICHARDS a "bitch," told him that he had no rights, and slammed his head on the car cutting the left side of his face. DUGGAR is a key participant in the District Attorney's investigation into the discriminatory text messages sent among Antioch Police Department officers and sergeants. DUGGAR sent text messages to other Antioch officers in which he referred to Black people as "niggas." RICHARDS was incarcerated for one year prior to his case being dismissed.
- 12. Plaintiff DRESHAWN JACKSON ("JACKSON") has been and is a resident of California and a United States Citizen. He brings this action on his own behalf. JACKSON was arrested in 2018 by CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department Officers, including Defendant Officer ROMBOUGH. During the arrest, ROMBOUGH admitted to JACKSON that he had "a beer or two," then demanded that JACKSON get out of the car. JACKSON was charged with possession of a firearm and was incarcerated for 15 months. In April 2022, the District Attorney dismissed his case. Arresting officer ROMBOUGH is a key participant in the District Attorney's investigation into the discriminatory text messages sent among Antioch Police Department officers and sergeants. ROMBOUGH proudly admitted to brutalizing arrestees on multiple occasions. ROMBOUGH referred to arrestees as "faggots" and "niggers" multiple

times. On other occasions, ROMBOUGH boasted about "violating civil rights" and "only stopping [people] cuz they black [sic]."

- 13. Plaintiff KARDELL SMITH ("KARDELL SMITH") has been and is a resident of California and a United States Citizen. He brings this action on his own behalf. KARDELL SMITH was arrested on state possession charges in 2019. KARDELL SMITH served parole and then later got picked up on the same charges by the federal government. On April 13, 2022, a federal judge dismissed KARDELL SMITH's case, dropped every charge, and withdrew all previous pleadings. Defendant Officers AMIRI and ROMBOUGH were involved in the arrest of KARDELL SMITH. Concurrent with CARPENTER's arrest, Defendant Officers sent numerous text messages about Black people, calling them "gorillas," "niggers," "monkeys," and using other targeted slurs to refer to subjects (i.e.: "faggot," "pussies," "cunt," "fat bitch"). ROMBOUGH proudly admitted to brutalizing arrestees on multiple occasions. ROMBOUGH boasted about "violating civil rights" and "only stopping [people] cuz they black [sic]." AMIRI admitted to serious offenses of falsification, claiming: "I sometimes just say people gave me a full confession when they didn't. gets filed easier [sic]."
- 14. Defendant CITY OF ANTIOCH ("CITY") is an incorporated public entity duly authorized and existing as such in and under the laws of the State of California; and at all times herein mentioned, Defendant City has possessed the power and authority to adopt policies and prescribe rules, regulations and practices affecting the operation of the CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department and its tactics, methods, practices, customs, and usage. At all relevant times, Defendant CITY was the employer of Defendant OFFICERS, individually and as peace officers.

15. Defendant CITY POLICE CHIEF TAMMANY BROOKS ("BROOKS"), at al
times mentioned herein, was employed by Defendant CITY as the Chief of Police for the
CITY, from May 2017 through October 2021, and was acting within the course and scope of
that employment. He is being sued individually and in his official capacity as the Chief of
Police for the CITY. Plaintiffs allege Defendant BROOKS was aware of the openly racist
conduct of the police officers he employed, their use of excessive force as set forth herein, the
widespread acceptance within the Antioch Police Department of Unconstitutional actions by
Antioch police officers as set forth in the instant Complaint, and failed to take any remedial
measures, and tolerated, encouraged and ratified the repeated and widespread pattern and
practice of Unconstitutional actions by Defendant CITY OF ANTIOCH police officers as set
forth herein

16. Defendant CITY INTERIM POLICE CHIEF TONY MOREFIELD ("MOREFIELD"), at all times mentioned herein, was employed by Defendant CITY as the Interim Chief of Police for the CITY, from October 2021 through May 2022, and was acting within the course and scope of that employment. He is being sued individually and in his official capacity as the Interim Chief of Police for the CITY. Plaintiffs allege Defendant MOREFIELD was aware of the openly racist conduct of the police officers he employed, their use of excessive force as set forth herein, the widespread acceptance within the Antioch Police Department of Unconstitutional actions by Antioch police officers as set forth in the instant Complaint, and failed to take any remedial measures, and tolerated, encouraged and ratified the repeated and widespread pattern and practice of Unconstitutional actions by Defendant CITY OF ANTIOCH police officers as set forth herein.

Defendant CITY POLICE CHIEF STEVEN FORD ("FORD"), at all times

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- 18. Defendant SERGEANT JOSH EVANS ("EVANS") at all times mentioned herein, was employed by Defendant CITY as a SERGEANT of the CITY and was acting within the course and scope of that employment. He is being sued individually and in his official capacity as a SERGEANT of the CITY. EVANS was involved in the arrests of Plaintiffs KHAN and BUTLER. EVANS sent racist and misogynistic text messages about Plaintiff KHAN, calling her an "Arabian Knight's [sic] 'cum dump.'" On another occasion, EVANS sent text messages about an unknown subject, detailing plans to "smash in and bite him, 40mm him, and call him a cunt." EVANS referred to Black people as "niggers" numerous times, and in discussing an unknown subject, he once stated: "I'm going to bury that nigger in my fields."
- 19. Defendant OFFICER ERIC ROMBOUGH ("ROMBOUGH") at all times mentioned herein, was employed by Defendant CITY as an OFFICER of the CITY and was acting within the course and scope of that employment. He is being sued individually and in his

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official capacity as an OFFICER of the CITY. ROMBOUGH was involved in the arrests of Plaintiffs ALLEN, CARPENTER, JACKSON, and KARDELL SMITH, and specifically used excessive force and violence on ALLEN. ROMBOUGH is also a key participant in the District Attorney's investigation into the discriminatory text messages sent among Antioch Police Department officers and sergeants. ROMBOUGH proudly stated that he gave ALLEN "6 muzzle thumps" and tried to "kick his head over the fence." ROMBOUGH also stated "I tried to knock him unconscious" and referred to ALLEN as a "faggot" and "nigger" multiple times. On other occasions, ROMBOUGH boasted about "violating civil rights" and "only stopping [people] cuz they black [sic]."

- 20. Defendant OFFICER MORTEZA AMIRI ("AMIRI") at all times mentioned herein, was employed by Defendant CITY as an OFFICER of the CITY and was acting within the course and scope of that employment. He is being sued individually and in his official capacity as an OFFICER of the CITY. AMIRI was involved in the arrests of Plaintiffs CARPENTER and KARDELL SMITH. AMIRI is also a key participant in the District Attorney's investigation into the discriminatory text messages sent among Antioch Police Department officers and sergeants. AMIRI sent texts to other Antioch officers in which he referred to Black people as "gorillas" and "pussies." He also admitted to serious offenses of falsification, claiming: "I sometimes just say people gave me a full confession when they didn't. gets filed easier [sic]."
- 21. Defendant OFFICER SCOTT DUGGAR ("DUGGAR") at all times mentioned herein, was employed by Defendant CITY as an OFFICER of the CITY and was acting within the course and scope of that employment. He is being sued individually and in his official capacity as an OFFICER of the CITY. DUGGAR was involved in the arrests of Plaintiffs

CARPENTER and RICHARDS. DUGGAR is also a key participant in the District Attorney's investigation into the discriminatory text messages sent among Antioch Police Department officers and sergeants. DUGGAR sent text messages to other Antioch officers in which he referred to Black people as "niggas."

- 22. Defendant OFFICER JOHN RAMIREZ ("RAMIREZ") at all times mentioned herein, was employed by Defendant CITY as an OFFICER of the CITY and was acting within the course and scope of that employment. He is being sued individually and in his official capacity as an OFFICER of the CITY. RAMIREZ is implicated in the District Attorney's investigation into the discriminatory text messages sent among Antioch Police Department officers and sergeants. RAMIREZ sent texts to other Antioch officers in which he expressed a desire to "40 that mfr (Thorpe) during the protest today [sic]." This is a reference to the potential use of a .40mm less lethal launcher being utilized on current Antioch Mayor Lamar Thorpe. RAMIREZ also sent numerous text messages in which he called Black people "niggas" and "niggers."
- 23. Defendant OFFICER TIMOTHY MANLY WILLIAMS ("MANLY WILLIAMS") at all times mentioned herein, was employed by Defendant CITY as an OFFICER of the CITY and was acting within the course and scope of that employment. He is being sued individually and in his official capacity as an OFFICER of the CITY. MANLY WILLIAMS was involved in the arrests of Plaintiffs KHAN, ALLEN, and CARPENTER. MANLY WILLIAMS is implicated in the District Attorney's investigation into the discriminatory text messages sent among Antioch Police Department officers and sergeants. MANLY WILLIAMS sent text messages in which he joked about TRENT ALLEN being beaten by ROMBOUGH and asked, "is he dead?"

- 24. Defendant OFFICER TOM LENDERMAN ("LENDERMAN") at all times mentioned herein, was employed by Defendant CITY as an OFFICER of the CITY and was acting within the course and scope of that employment. He is being sued individually and in his official capacity as an OFFICER of the CITY. LENDERMAN was involved in the arrest of Plaintiff KHAN. LENDERMAN is implicated in the District Attorney's investigation into the discriminatory text messages sent among Antioch Police Department officers and sergeants. LENDERMAN received numerous hateful text messages from his fellow CITY OF ANTIOCH police officers about Black people, calling them "gorillas," "niggers," "monkeys," and using other targeted slurs to refer to subjects (i.e.: "faggot," "pussies," "cunt," "fat bitch"). Furthermore, LENDERMAN was a recipient of texts in which Defendant Officers bragged about "violating civil rights," "only stopping [people] cuz they black [sic]," and "sometimes just say[ing] people gave me a full confession when they didn't." Despite being a direct witness to this behavior, LENDERMAN never intervened nor reported it to supervisors.
- 25. Defendant OFFICER LOREN BLEDSOE ("BLEDSOE") at all times mentioned herein, was employed by Defendant CITY as a SERGEANT of the CITY and was acting within the course and scope of that employment. He is being sued individually and in his official capacity as a SERGEANT of the CITY. BLEDSOE was involved in the arrest of Plaintiff KHAN. BLEDSOE is implicated in the District Attorney's investigation into the discriminatory text messages sent among Antioch Police Department officers and sergeants. BLEDSOE received numerous hateful text messages from his fellow CITY OF ANTIOCH police officers about Black people, calling them "gorillas," "niggers," "monkeys," and using other targeted slurs to refer to subjects (i.e.: "faggot," "pussies," "cunt," "fat bitch"). Furthermore, BLEDSOE was a recipient of texts in which Defendant Officers bragged about

"violating civil rights," "only stopping [people] cuz they black [sic]," and "sometimes just say[ing] people gave me a full confession when they didn't." BLEDSOE was a member of these group text chats, and by refusing to intervene and halt the heinous behavior of fellow officers, BLEDSOE failed to perform his supervisory duties.

- 26. Defendant OFFICER THOMAS SMITH ("THOMAS SMITH") at all times mentioned herein, was employed by Defendant CITY as an OFFICER of the CITY and was acting within the course and scope of that employment. He is being sued individually and in his official capacity as an OFFICER of the CITY. THOMAS SMITH was involved in the arrests of Plaintiff KHAN. THOMAS SMITH is also a key participant in the District Attorney's investigation into the discriminatory text messages sent among Antioch Police Department officers and sergeants. THOMAS SMITH sent text messages to other Antioch officers in which he referred to Black people as "niggas" and to women as "bitches."
- 27. Plaintiffs are ignorant of the true names and capacities of Defendants DOES 1 through 100 inclusive, and therefore sue these defendants by such fictitious names. Plaintiffs are informed and believe and thereon allege that each defendant so named is responsible in some manner for the injuries and damages sustained by Plaintiffs as set forth herein. Plaintiffs will amend this Complaint to state the names and capacities of DOES 1-100, inclusive, when they have been ascertained.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

28. Plaintiffs are informed and believe and thereon allege that DEFENDENTS
EVANS, ROMBOUGH, AMIRI, DUGGAR, RAMIREZ, MANLY WILLIAMS,
LENDERMAN, BLEDSOE, THOMAS SMITH, and each of them, individually and/or acting in
concert with one another, as well as other CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Officers (Does 1-100)

engaged in a repeated pattern and practice of civil rights violations and other misconduct against citizens living, traveling, or visiting the Antioch neighborhoods where they were assigned. Each Plaintiff is likely to suffer a recurrence of the alleged violations of civil rights, or similar violation of civil rights, committed by police officers employed by Defendant CITY OF ANTIOCH.

- 29. Plaintiffs are further informed and believe and thereon allege that said civil rights violations and/or misconduct included, but was not limited to, assaults, beatings, false arrests, unreasonable searches and seizures, intimidation, kidnapping, falsifying reports, denial of equal protection, racial discrimination, conspiracy to violate civil rights and/or other misconduct.
- 30. Plaintiffs are further informed and believe and thereon allege that said misconduct included, but was not limited to, subjecting people living, visiting, and/or traveling in Antioch neighborhoods to disparate treatment because of their race and/or gender. As a result, Plaintiffs and persons similarly situated to them, were subjected to unequal treatment, civil rights violations, and other misconduct by DEFENDANTS EVANS, ROMBOUGH, AMIRI, DUGGAR, RAMIREZ, MANLY WILLIAMS, LENDERMAN, BLEDSOE, THOMAS SMITH, and/or City of Antioch police officers (Does 1-100).
- 31. Plaintiffs are further informed and believe and thereon allege that despite the repeated and frequent nature of the misconduct and civil rights violations committed by Defendants EVANS, ROMBOUGH, AMIRI, DUGGAR, RAMIREZ, MANLY WILLIAMS, LENDERMAN, BLEDSOE, THOMAS SMITH, and DOES 1-100, high ranking CITY OF ANTIOCH officials and/or police department supervisors, including but not limited to, BROOKS, MOREFIELD, FORD, EVANS, BLEDSOE, DOES 1-100, and each of them, individually and/or acting in concert with one another, failed to take any or appropriate remedial

action prior to the subject incidents involving the Plaintiffs. As a result, DEFENDANTS engaged in repeated and serious acts of misconduct and civil rights violations against citizens living, visiting, and/or traveling in Antioch.

- 32. Plaintiffs are informed and believe and thereon allege that as a matter of official policy—rooted in an entrenched posture of deliberate indifference to the constitutional rights of Black people who live, visit, and/or travel within Antioch in particular—Defendant CITY OF ANTIOCH has long allowed Plaintiffs and persons similarly situated to them, to be abused by its police officers, including by DEFENDANTS EVANS, ROMBOUGH, AMIRI, DUGGAR, RAMIREZ, MANLY WILLIAMS, LENDERMAN, BLEDSOE, THOMAS SMITH, and/or other CITY OF ANITOCH Police Officers (DOES-100).
- 33. Plaintiffs are informed and believe and thereon allege that plaintiffs, and each of them, suffered the violation of their constitutional rights as a result of customs, policies, patterns and/or practices of Defendant CITY OF ANTIOCH, Defendants BROOKS, MOREFIELD, FORD, EVANS, BLEDSOE DOES 1-100, and each of them, including, but not limited to, deliberate indifference in the hiring, supervision, training, and discipline of members of the Oakland Police Department, including Defendants EVANS, ROMBOUGH, AMIRI, DUGGAR, RAMIREZ, MANLY WILLIAMS, LENDERMAN, BLEDSOE, THOMAS SMITH, and/or DOES 1-100, and/or each of them.

TRENT ALLEN

34. In March 2021, multiple Antioch Police Department officers, including ERIC ROMBOUGH, arrested ALLEN for attempted murder. During the arrest, ERIC ROMBOUGH brutally beat Mr. ALLEN, kicking his head multiple times. On April 11, 2023, ALLEN discovered that CITY officer ROMBOUGH texted about him during the time of his arrest.

ROMBOUGH proudly stated that he gave ALLEN "6 muzzle thumps" and tried to "kick his head over the fence." ROMBOUGH also stated "I tried to knock him unconscious" and referred to ALLEN as a "faggot" and "nigger" multiple times. On other occasions, ROMBOUGH boasted about "violating civil rights" and "only stopping [people] cuz they black [sic]." Furthermore, Defendant Officer MANLY WILLIAMS sent text messages in which he joked about TRENT ALLEN being beaten by ROMBOUGH and asked, "is he dead?" Mr. ALLEN may be acquitted and exonerated as a result of the investigation into Defendant Officers' text messages.

- 35. As a result, the text messages discovered in April 2023 imply that Antioch Police Department maliciously and unfairly targeted, brutalized, and prosecuted ALLEN, and that Defendant Officers' behavior stemmed from the discriminatory and violent culture of the Antioch Police Department. Moreover, Mr. ALLEN withstood humiliation and associated emotional distress corresponding to the text message scandal. Mr. Allen suffered severe physical injuries caused by Defendant ROMBAUGH's use of excessive force.
- 36. Mr. ALLEN has been incarcerated since his arrest and the use of excessive force by ROMBOUGH, tolling his statute of limitations.

SHAGOOFA KHAN

37. Beginning in the summer of 2020, SHAGOOFA KHAN organized police reform protests throughout the City of Antioch. In January 2021, Antioch Police Department officers EVANS, MANLY WILLIAMS, LENDERMAN, BLEDSOE, and THOMAS SMITH arrested KHAN for burning a "Blue Lives Matter" flag at a protest. KHAN was charged with felony arson and battery on an officer. KHAN completed diversion, however she never entered a plea agreement. Defendant Officers arrested KHAN without probable cause and with malice.

The charges were eventually dismissed. The arresting Defendant Officers EVANS, MANLY

WILLIAMS, LENDERMAN, BLEDSOE, and THOMAS SMITH are key participants in the District Attorney's investigation into the discriminatory text messages sent among Antioch Police Department officers and sergeants. On April 11, 2023, KHAN discovered that Antioch police officer JOSH EVANS texted about her before the time of her arrest. EVANS stated that KHAN resembles an "Arabian Knight's [sic] 'cum dump.'" Defendant Officer THOMAS SMITH sent text messages to other Antioch officers in which he referred to women as "bitches." Defendant Officer MANLY WILLIAMS sent text messages in which he joked about the brutalization of an arrestee and asked, "is he dead?" LENDERMAN and BLEDSOE were members of these group chats and received all of the salacious text messages uncovered in this scandal.

38. As a result, the text messages discovered in April 2023 demonstrate that Antioch Police Department Defendant Officers EVANS, MANLY WILLIAMS, LENDERMAN, BLEDSOE, and THOMAS SMITH maliciously and unfairly prosecuted KHAN and that Defendant Officers' behavior stemmed from the discriminatory and violent culture of the Antioch Police Department. Moreover, Ms. KHAN withstood humiliation and associated emotional distress corresponding to the text message scandal.

ADAM CARPENTER

39. On November 3, 2020, multiple Antioch Police Department officers, including ERIC ROMBOUGH, SCOTT DUGGAR, MORTEZA AMIRI, and TIMOTHY MANLY WILLIAMS, arrested CARPENTER for possession of a firearm without probable cause and with malice. The charges against CARPENTER were later dropped. From January 2020 up until the date of his arrest, these officers conducted nearly ten traffic stops on Mr.

CARPENTER. All of these officers are implicated in the offensive text message scandal.

Concurrent with CARPENTER's arrest, Defendant officers sent numerous text messages about Black people, calling them "gorillas," "niggers," "monkeys," and using other targeted slurs to refer to subjects (i.e.: "faggot," "pussies," "cunt," "fat bitch"). DUGGAR sent text messages to other Antioch officers in which he referred to Black people as "niggas." ROMBOUGH proudly admitted to brutalizing arrestees on multiple occasions. ROMBOUGH boasted about "violating civil rights" and "only stopping [people] cuz they black [sic]." AMIRI admitted to serious offenses of falsification, claiming: "I sometimes just say people gave me a full confession when they didn't. gets filed easier [sic]." MANLY WILLIAMS sent text messages in which he joked about the brutalization of an arrestee and asked, "is he dead?"

40. As a result, the text messages discovered in April 2023 imply that Antioch Police Department maliciously and unfairly targeted and prosecuted CARPENTER and that Defendant Officers' behavior stemmed from the discriminatory and violent culture of the Antioch Police Department. Moreover, Mr. CARPENTER withstood humiliation and associated emotional distress corresponding to the text message scandal.

JOSHUA BUTLER

41. In February 2022, multiple Antioch Police Department officers, including JOSH EVANS, arrested BUTLER in Antioch, CA for allegedly discharging a firearm. Officers never found a weapon. On May 26, 2023, BUTLER's case was dismissed. Since the date of the arrest, officers have conducted nearly ten traffic stops on Mr. BUTLER, each time verbally accosting him with racist obscenities. None of these traffic stops have resulted in additional arrests. Concurrent with BUTLER's arrest, officers, including JOSH EVANS, sent numerous text messages about Black people, calling them "gorillas," "niggers," "monkeys," and using

other targeted slurs to refer to subjects (i.e.: "faggot," "pussies," "cunt," "fat bitch"). On one occasion, EVANS sent text messages about an unknown subject, detailing plans to "smash in and bite him, 40mm him, and call him a cunt." EVANS regularly referred to Black people as "niggers," and in discussing an unknown subject, he once stated: "I'm going to bury that nigger in my fields."

42. As a result, the text messages discovered in April 2023 imply that Antioch Police Department maliciously and unfairly prosecuted BUTLER and that Defendant Officers' behaviors and actions stemmed from the discriminatory and violent culture of the Antioch Police Department. Moreover, Mr. BUTLER withstood humiliation and associated emotional distress corresponding to the text message scandal.

DEJON RICHARDS

- 43. In 2020, DEJON RICHARDS was arrested and brutalized in 2020 by CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department Officers, including Defendant Officer DUGGAR. During the arrest, DUGGAR repeatedly called RICHARDS a "bitch," told him that he had no rights, and slammed his head on the car cutting the left side of his face. DUGGAR is a key participant in the District Attorney's investigation into the discriminatory text messages sent among Antioch Police Department officers and sergeants. DUGGAR sent text messages to other Antioch officers in which he referred to Black people as "niggas." RICHARDS was incarcerated for one year prior to his case being dismissed.
- 44. As a result, the text messages discovered in April 2023 imply that Antioch Police Department DUGGAR maliciously and unfairly targeted and arrested RICHARDS without probable cause and that Defendant Officers' behaviors and actions stemmed from the discriminatory and violent culture of the Antioch Police Department. Moreover, Mr.

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RICHARDS withstood humiliation and associated emotional distress corresponding to the text message scandal.

DRESHAWN JACKSON

- 45. DRESHAWN JACKSON was arrested in 2018 by CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department Officers, including Defendant Officer ROMBOUGH. During the arrest, ROMBOUGH admitted to JACKSON that he had "a beer or two," then demanded that JACKSON get out of the car. JACKSON was charged with possession of a firearm and was incarcerated for 15 months. In April 2022, the District Attorney dismissed his case. Arresting officer Defendant ROMBOUGH is a key participant in the District Attorney's investigation into the discriminatory text messages sent among Antioch Police Department officers and sergeants. ROMBOUGH proudly admitted to brutalizing arrestees on multiple occasions. ROMBOUGH referred to arrestees as "faggots" and "niggers" multiple times. On other occasions, ROMBOUGH boasted about "violating civil rights" and "only stopping [people] cuz they black [sic]."
- 46. As a result, the text messages discovered in April 2023 demonstrate that Antioch Police Department maliciously and unfairly targeted and arrested JACKSON and that Defendant Officers' behaviors and actions stemmed from the discriminatory and violent culture of the Antioch Police Department. Moreover, Mr. JACKSON withstood humiliation and associated emotional distress corresponding to the text message scandal.

KARDELL SMITH

47. KARDELL SMITH was arrested on state possession charges in 2019. Defendant Officer AMIRI and other Antioch Police officers prepared a false police report which was used to maliciously prosecute Mr. SMITH. Specifically, Defendant Officer AMIRI

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claimed he saw, from outside the building where Mr. SMITH was located, a bathroom window be broken and a handgun be thrown out of a bathroom window into a side yard. Defendants entered the apartment and arrested Mr. SMITH, claiming he had thrown the gun out of the bathroom window. In reality, no weapon was possessed by Mr. SMITH, and no weapon or any object was thrown by anyone through that window in Defendants' presence or in that time frame. A picture purported to be taken by defendants of the weapon at the scene shows it was covered by leaves and dirt. The window had been broken for months. KARDELL SMITH served a parole violation and then later got charged on the same false factual basis by the Federal government on Federal charges. On April 13, 2022, a federal judge dismissed KARDELL SMITH's case, dropped every charge, and withdrew all previous pleadings. Defendant Officers AMIRI and ROMBOUGH were involved in the arrest of KARDELL SMITH and each were integral participants in maliciously prosecuting him. Concurrent with CARPENTER's arrest, Defendant Officers sent numerous text messages about Black people, calling them "gorillas," "niggers," "monkeys," and using other targeted slurs to refer to subjects (i.e.: "faggot," "pussies," "cunt," "fat bitch"). ROMBOUGH proudly admitted to brutalizing arrestees on multiple occasions. ROMBOUGH boasted about "violating civil rights" and "only stopping [people] cuz they black [sic]." AMIRI admitted to serious offenses of falsification, claiming: "I sometimes just say people gave me a full confession when they didn't. gets filed easier [sic]." Consistent with this admission, Defendant AMIRI prepared a false police report in which he fabricated an alleged confession by KARDELL SMITH, that he claimed took place while they smoked a cigarette together outside the police station. In reality, Defendant AMIRI acted friendly to Mr. SMITH, offered to smoke a cigarette with him outside the police station, but Mr. SMITH never possessed and never confessed to having any weapon,

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much less a gun. Defendant AMIRI lied in his police report and claimed that Mr. SMITH confessed to possession of the gun. This false report was then used to fabricate the gun charge against Mr. SMITH.

48. As a result, the text messages discovered in April 2023 demonstrate that Antioch Police Department maliciously and unfairly targeted and arrested KARDELL SMITH and that Defendant Officers' behaviors and actions stemmed from the discriminatory and violent culture of the Antioch Police Department. Moreover, Mr. KARDELL SMITH withstood humiliation and associated emotional distress corresponding to the text message scandal.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

(42 U.S.C. § 1983 – Excessive Force)

(All Plaintiffs Against Defendants EVANS, ROMBOUGH, AMIRI, DUGGAR, RAMIREZ, MANLY WILLIAMS, LENDERMAN, BLEDSOE, THOMAS SMITH, and DOES 1 - 100)

- 49. Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate by reference paragraphs 1 through 48 of this Complaint.
- 50. In doing the acts complained of herein, Defendants EVANS, ROMBOUGH, AMIRI, DUGGAR, RAMIREZ, MANLY WILLIAMS, LENDERMAN, BLEDSOE, THOMAS SMITH, and/or DOES 1-100, individually and/or while acting in concert with one another, did act under color of state law to deprive Plaintiffs as alleged heretofore of certain constitutionally protected rights, including, but not limited to:
 - a. The right to be free from unreasonable police use of force in violation of the Fourth Amendment;
- 51. Said rights are substantive guarantees under the Fourth and/or Fourteenth Amendments to the United States constitution.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for relief as hereinafter set forth.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

(Monell - 42 U.S.C. § 1983)

(All Plaintiffs Against Defendant CITY, BROOKS, MOREFIELD, FORD, BLEDSOE and DOES 1-100)

- 52. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 51 of this Complaint.
- 53. As against Defendant CITY OF ANTIOCH and/or Defendants BROOKS, MOREFIELD, FORD, BLEDSOE, and/or DOES 1-100 in their capacity as official policymaker(s) for the CITY OF ANTIOCH, the Plaintiffs, and each of them, further allege that the acts and/or omissions alleged in the Complain herein are indicative and representative of a repeated course of conduct by members of the CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department tantamount to a custom, policy, or repeated practice of condoning and tacitly encouraging the abuse of police authority, and disregard for the constitutional rights of citizens.
- 54. Plaintiffs are further informed and believe and thereon allege that the acts alleged herein are the direct and proximate result of the deliberate indifference of Defendants CITY, BROOKS, MOREFIELD, FORD, BLEDSOE, DOES 1-100, and each of them, to repeated acts of police misconduct which were tacitly authorized, encouraged, or condoned by the CITY OF ANTIOCH, BROOKS, MOREFIELD, FORD, BLEDSOE, DOES 1-100, and each of them.
- 55. The injuries to the Plaintiffs, and each of them, were the foreseeable and proximate result of said customs, policies, patterns, and/or practices of Defendants CITY OF ANTIOCH, BROOKS, MOREFIELD, FORD, BLEDSOE, DOES 1-100, and each of them. This conduct was condoned and ratified, by Antioch Police Department Supervisors, and there was no discipline against any of the named defendant officers for their conduct.

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	56.	Plaintiffs are further informed and believe and thereon allege that the damages
sustain	ned as al	leged herein were the direct and proximate result of municipal customs and/or
policie	es of deli	berate indifference in the training, supervision, and/or discipline of members of
the CI	TY OF A	ANTIOCH Police Department.

- 57. Plaintiffs are further informed and believe and thereon allege that Plaintiffs' damages and injuries were caused by the customs, policies, patterns, or practices of the CITY OF ANTIOCH, BROOKS, MOREFIELD, FORD, BLEDSOE, DOES 1-100, and each of them, of deliberate indifference in the training, supervision, and/or discipline of Antioch Police Officers including, but not limited to, EVANS, ROMBOUGH, AMIRI, DUGGAR, RAMIREZ, MANLY WILLIAMS, LENDERMAN, BLEDSOE, THOMAS SMITH, DOES 1-100, and/or each of them.
- 58. The aforementioned customs, policies, or practices of Defendants CITY OF ANTIOCH, BROOKS, MOREFIELD, FORD, BLEDSOE, DOES 1-100, and each of them, resulted in the deprivation of Plaintiffs' connotational rights including, but not limited to, the following:
 - The right to be free from excessive and unnecessary police use of force;
 - b. The right to a Familial Relationship.
 - The right to be free from Racial Bias in the conduct of Antioch police officers in violation of 42. U.S.C. section 1981.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for relief as hereinafter set forth.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

(42 U.S.C. § 1981 – Bias)

(All Plaintiffs Against Defendants EVANS, ROMBOUGH, AMIRI, DUGGAR, RAMIREZ, MANLY WILLIAMS, LENDERMAN, BLEDSOE, THOMAS SMITH, and DOES 1 - 100)

- 59. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 58 of this Complaint.
- 60. Plaintiffs are informed and believe and thereon allege that CITY officers EVANS, ROMBOUGH, AMIRI, DUGGAR, RAMIREZ, MANLY WILLIAMS, LENDERMAN, BLEDSOE, THOMAS SMITH, and DOES 1-100 were biased toward the public. Defendants demonstrated biased, including, but not limited to, bias toward the race, gender, and ethnicity of the Plaintiffs.
- 61. Plaintiffs would not have suffered excessive force and prosecution by the defendants, but for the Plaintiffs' race, gender, and/or ethnicity.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for relief as hereinafter set forth.

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(42 U.S.C. § 1985-86 - Conspiracy)

(Against Defendants CITY, BROOKS, MOREFIELD, FORD, EVANS, ROMBOUGH, AMIRI, DUGGAR, RAMIREZ, MANLY WILLIAMS, LENDERMAN, BLEDSOE, THOMAS SMITH and DOES 1 - 100)

- 62. Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate by reference paragraphs 1 through 61 of this Complaint.
- 63. In doing the acts complained of herein, Defendants CITY, BROOKS, MOREFIELD, FORD, EVANS, ROMBOUGH, AMIRI, DUGGAR, RAMIREZ, MANLY WILLIAMS, LENDERMAN, BLEDSOE, THOMAS SMITH, and/or DOES 1-100, individually and/or while acting in concert with one another, conspired for the purpose of depriving Plaintiffs and/or persons similarly situated to Plaintiffs, either directly or indirectly, of the equal protection of the laws or of equal privileges and immunities under the laws as alleged in this complaint in violation of 42 U.S.C. § 1985.

6	54.	Plaintiffs are further informed and believe and thereon allege that Defendant
CITY (OF AN	TIOCH, Defendants BROOKS, MOREFIELD, FORD, EVANS, BLEDSOE,
DOES	1-100,	and each of them, had the power to stop and/or aid in preventing the conspiracy
and/or o	conspi	racies by Defendants EVANS, ROMBOUGH, AMIRI, DUGGAR, RAMIREZ,
MANL	Y WII	LIAMS, LENDERMAN, BLEDSOE, THOMAS SMITH, DOES 1-100, and/or
each of	them,	as alleged herein, but instead maintained customs, policies, and/or practices
which e	encour	aged, authorized, condoned, ratified, failed to prevent, and/or failed to aid in the
prevent	tion of	the wrongs conspired to be done by Defendants EVANS, ROMBOUGH, AMIRI
DUGG	AR, R	AMIREZ, MANLY WILLIAMS, LENDERMAN, BLEDSOE, THOMAS
SMITH	I, DOE	ES 1-100, and/or each of them.

65. As a result of the failure and/or refusal of Defendants BROOKS, MOREFIELD, FORD, EVANS, BLEDSOE, DOES 1-100, and each of them, to prevent or aid in preventing the commission of the conspiracy and/or conspiracies by Defendants EVANS, ROMBOUGH, AMIRI, DUGGAR, RAMIREZ, MANLY WILLIAMS, LENDERMAN, BLEDSOE, THOMAS SMITH, and DOES 1-100, Plaintiffs and persons similarly situated to them are entitled to recover damages in amounts to be determined according to proof.

FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION (42 U.S.C. § 1981)

(Against Defendants CITY, BROOKS, MOREFIELD, FORD, EVANS, ROMBOUGH, AMIRI, DUGGAR, RAMIREZ, MANLY WILLIAMS, LENDERMAN, BLEDSOE, THOMAS SMITH, and DOES 1 - 100)

- 66. Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate by reference paragraphs 1 through 65 of this Complaint.
- 67. In doing the acts complained of herein, Defendants CITY OF ANTIOCH, BROOKS, MOREFIELD, FORD, EVANS, ROMBOUGH, AMIRI, DUGGAR, RAMIREZ,

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MANLY WILLIAMS, LENDERMAN, BLEDSOE, THOMAS SMITH, and/or DOES 1-100,
individually and/or while acting in concert with one another, engaged in a pattern and practice of
discriminatory conduct towards minority communities by subjecting them to more frequent and
aggressive policing than similarly situated individuals of a different race, by using racial slurs,
excessive force, and harassment tactics, and by denying them the same level of protection and
services afforded to individuals of a different race. These civil rights violations and/or
misconduct included, but was not limited to, assaults, beatings, false arrests, unreasonable
searches and seizures, intimidation, kidnapping, falsifying reports, denial of equal protection,
racial discrimination, conspiracy to violate civil rights and/or other misconduct based on race
and/or gender.

- 68. Plaintiffs are further informed and believe and thereon allege that said misconduct included, but was not limited to, subjecting people living, visiting, and/or traveling in Antioch neighborhoods to disparate treatment because of their race and/or gender. As a result, Plaintiffs and persons similarly situated to them, were subjected to unequal treatment, civil rights violations, and other misconduct by Defendants CITY, EVANS, ROMBOUGH, AMIRI, DUGGAR, RAMIREZ, MANLY WILLIAMS, LENDERMAN, BLEDSOE, THOMAS SMITH, and/or CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Officers (Does 1-100).
- 69. Plaintiffs are informed and believe and thereon allege that as a matter of official policy—rooted in an entrenched posture of deliberate indifference to the constitutional rights of Black people who live, visit, and/or travel within Antioch in particular—Defendant CITY OF ANTIOCH has long allowed Plaintiffs and persons similarly situated to them, to be abused by its police officers, including by DEFENDANTS EVANS, ROMBOUGH, AMIRI, DUGGAR,

RAMIREZ, MANLY WILLIAMS, LENDERMAN, BLEDSOE, THOMAS SMITH, and/or other CITY OF ANITOCH Police Officers (DOES-100).

- 70. Plaintiffs are further informed and believe and thereon allege that despite the repeated and frequent nature of the misconduct and civil rights violations committed by Defendants EVANS, ROMBOUGH, AMIRI, DUGGAR, RAMIREZ, MANLY WILLIAMS, LENDERMAN, BLEDSOE, THOMAS SMITH, and DOES 1-100, high ranking CITY OF ANTIOCH officials and/or police department supervisors, including but not limited to, BROOKS, MOREFIELD, FORD, EVANS, BLEDSOE, DOES 1-100, and each of them, individually and/or acting in concert with one another, failed to take any or appropriate remedial action prior to the subject incidents involving the Plaintiffs. As a result, Defendants engaged in repeated and serious acts of misconduct and civil rights violations against citizens living, visiting, and/or traveling in Antioch.
- 71. Plaintiffs are informed and believe and thereon allege that plaintiffs, and each of them, suffered the violation of their constitutional rights as a result of customs, policies, patterns and/or practices of Defendant CITY OF ANTIOCH, Defendants BROOKS, MOREFIELD, FORD, EVANS, BLEDSOE, DOES 1-100, and each of them, including, but not limited to, deliberate indifference in the hiring, supervision, training, and discipline of members of the Oakland Police Department, including Defendants EVANS, ROMBOUGH, AMIRI, DUGGAR, RAMIREZ, MANLY WILLIAMS, LENDERMAN, BLEDSOE, THOMAS SMITH, and/or DOES 1-100, and/or each of them. Therefore, Plaintiffs also seek relief against the Defendants for their failure to take reasonable steps to prevent and remedy the discriminatory conduct of its officers.

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72. Plaintiffs further allege that the conduct of Defendants CITY OF ANTIOCH, BROOKS, MOREFIELD, FORD, EVANS, ROMBOUGH, AMIRI, DUGGAR, RAMIREZ, MANLY WILLIAMS, LENDERMAN, BLEDSOE, THOMAS SMITH, and/or DOES 1-100 has caused them to suffer damages, including but not limited to physical harm, emotional distress, and/or injury to reputation. Plaintiffs seek relief in the form of compensatory damages, punitive damages, injunctive relief, and any other relief that the court deems just and proper under the circumstances.

SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(42 U.S.C. § 1981 - Malicious Prosecution)

(KHAN, BUTLER, RICHARDS, JACKSON, and KARDELL SMITH Against Defendants BROOKS, MOREFIELD, FORD, EVANS, ROMBOUGH, DUGGAR, AMIRI, LENDERMAN, BLEDSOE, THOMAS SMITH, and DOES 1 - 100)

- 73. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 72 of this Complaint.
- 74. Defendants maliciously prosecuted the Plaintiffs as stated herein. Defendants brought claims against each of the named plaintiffs without probable cause to do so.
- 75. The defendants brought claims against Plaintiffs with subjective malice. Defendants used bias, including racial bias, gender bias, sexuality bias, bias against body-types, and/or religious bias in determining their decisions to prosecute the named Plaintiffs.
- 76. Each of the Plaintiffs resolved the actions against them. Plaintiffs ultimately resolved the actions in their favors.
- 77. Plaintiffs suffered damages due to the malicious prosecution brought on by the Defendants in this matter.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for relief as hereinafter set forth.

JURY DEMAND

Plaintiffs hereby demand a jury trial in this action.

PRAYER

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for relief, as follows:

- 1. For general damages according to proof;
- 2. For special damages, including but not limited to, past, present and/or future wage loss, income and support, medical expenses, and other special damages in a sum to be determined according to proof;
- 3. For punitive damages and exemplary damages in amounts to be determined according to proof as to Defendants EVANS, ROMBOUGH, AMIRI, DUGGAR, RAMIREZ, MANLY WILLIAMS, LENDERMAN, BLEDSOE, THOMAS SMITH, and DOES 1-100, or each of them;
 - 4. Any and all permissible statutory damages;
 - 5. For reasonable attorney's fees pursuant to 42 U.S.C. §1988;
 - 6. For cost of suit herein incurred;
 - 7. For injunctive relief, including necessary policy and practice changes to Defendant CITY OF ANTIOCH's police department and Court Monitoring to ensure compliance with such necessary policy and practice changes; and
 - 8. For such other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper.

Dated: June 2, 2023

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James Cook

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Benjamin Nisenbaum

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